## THE FOOD PEOPLE

## UNIT



## THE SERVICE INDUSTRIES

- Hospitality
- Catering sectors
- Food \& Beverage operations
- Contract Catering
- Travel Catering \& onboard services
- STOP \& CHECK


## VOCABULARY

- Hospitality \& Catering
- F\&B operations
- Travel Catering


## GRAMMAR REVISION

- Present simple
- Phrasal verbs: To be made up of


## LANGUAGE SKILLS

READING: Quick history through the hospitality industry
LISTENING: F\&B service operations
Zafferano: an independent caterer in London
SPEAKING: Discussing: The Hospitality industry \& Catering • Eating out

- Suggesting F \& B outlets

WRITING: Favourite means of transport
WATCHING: FLIPPED CLASS \& VIDEO: F\&B Service Operations

## VOCABULARY

- Primary jobs
- Cool jobs
- Street food

FOOD SERVICE JOBS

- Primary Jobs
- Cool Jobs
- STOP \& CHECK


## LANGUAGE SKILLS

## GRAMMAR REVISION

- Present continuous
- Adverbs of Manner
- Word formation: nouns
- Phrasal verbs: Keep up with, Spit out, Carry out, Work out

READING: Ice cream taster: the sweetest job PET Reading Part 5
LISTENING: Cool jobs • Street food • History \& facts PET Listening Part 3
SPEAKING: Asking \& Answering about the meaning of words • Talking about choices • Completing an interview • Asking for \& Giving Information • Describing a picture PET Speaking Part 3
WRITING: Mini dialogues • Informal email to a friend
WATCHING: Suggested youtube VIDEO: The starred street food chef DOING: REAL TASK Report, Show \& Comment: Eating on the street

UNIT
3

## ADS \& FADS

- F\&B Promotion
- STOP \& CHECK


## VOCABULARY

- Advertising media
- Adjectives for promoting F\&B outlets


## LANGUAGE SKILLS

READING: Match the pictures to the descriptions PET Reading Part 1
LISTENING: Reordering dialogue • Identifying F\&B slogans • Choosing F\&B venues PET Listening Part 2
SPEAKING: Making suggestions • Suggesting slogans Describing F\&B Venues PET Speaking Part 2
WRITING: Writing promotional slogans
WATCHING: FLIPPED CLASS \& VIDEO: How to create an advertising leaflet
DOING: REAL TASK Report \& Present: Create a promotional leaflet for

## GRAMMAR REVISION

- Word Formation: Adjectives and Nouns


## unit 1 THE SERVICE INDUSTRIES

## THE HOSPITALITY UMBRELLA

All the world's economic activity is based on goods and services.

Goods industries produce physical things that you can touch, smell, weigh or measure, like pasta, wine, beds, cars.

Service industries do not provide physical things, but an activity or a process, like accommodation, food service, transport.

The Hospitality industry is one of the largest service industries in the world.
The main aim of the hospitality industry is to provide excellent customer service and satisfaction.

Hospitality is made up of three broad areas: Travel \& Tourism • Accommodation • Food \& Beverage
Like a big umbrella, the hospitality industry includes a wide range of services for people away from home for leisure, business or other purposes, such as recreation \& entertainment, events, transportation, travel agencies \& more.
Actually, the hospitality industry includes any sectors that focus on customer service and the satisfaction of their needs.
Food \& Beverage is a dominating service sector in the broad service Hospitality industry because it supports the other sectors in the industry.

## TAKE IT EASY

1. UNDERLINE the correct option.
2. The hospitality industry is a:
goods industry/service industry
3. The hospitality industry includes:
one broad area/more than one broad area
4. The main aim of the hospitality industry is to:
transport customers/serve customers
5. Goods are:
physical products/ processes or activities
6. Food \& Beverage is: an independent industry/ part of a larger industry

TRAVEL \& TOURISM


The hospitality umbrella

## TAKE IT EASY

## 2. MATCH numbers \& letters. Then, TRANSLATE.

1. physical
2. service
3. customer
4. industry
5. travel
6. wide .....
A. sectors
B. agencies
C. goods
D. industry
E. range
F. satisfaction

## VOCABULARY

3. WRITE these words in the correct column.
4. a haircut
5. cars
6. mobile apps
7. knives
8. coffee cups
9. health care
10. mobile phones
11. digital library
12. downloaded music
13. dishwasher
14. Internet booking
15. a bag of crisps

| PHYSICAL | NON-PHYSICAL |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0. food | 0. car repair |
|  |  |

## READING

4. READ \& MATCH these questions with the scrambled answers.
5. ............ What is the difference between 'goods' and 'service'?
6. ........... What kind of industry is the hospitality industry?
7. ............ What is the main aim of the hospitality industry?
8. ............ How many areas is the hospitality industry made up of?
9. ........... Why is the hospitality industry represented like a big umbrella?
10. ............ Why is Food \& Beverage a dominating part of the Hospitality industry?
a. This industry has often this graphic representation because, within its three main areas, it covers a wide range of sectors.
b. Hospitality doesn't offer goods but services. So it is a service industry.
c. The Hospitality industry consists of three areas.
d. Goods are produced objects that you can touch, smell, weigh or measure. Services are activities or processes that you cannot touch, smell, weigh or measure.
e. This hospitality area prevails because it is at the base of any other industry sectors.
f. The main goal of the Hospitality industry is to offer customer service \& satisfaction.

## WHO'S THE 'BIG EMPLOYER'?

The hospitality industry is one of the key drivers (fattori chiave) of the world economy. It is a strong driver for employment with millions of new jobs every year. As it offers unlimited opportunities for employment, it is dubbed (soprannominata) the 'Big Employer'.


## READING

5. LISTEN \& COMPLETE this passage with the given words.
```
chains \bullet organised \bullet spread \bullet elevated \bullet customer \bullet trends \bullet legendary \bullet increased \bullet first
    \bullet accommodation \bullet perspectives \bullet early \bullet travelling \bullet century \bullet culinary
```


## QUICK TOUR THROUGH THE HISTORY OF THE HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY

The first form of hospitality dates back to 1 the Greeks and the Romans who were the 2 The Romans provided 3
in their thermal spas, developing a sort of inns.
In Medieval times 4 ..................................................... on pilgrimages became popular, all over Europe. Pilgrims stayed in monasteries and in the 'caravanserais', inns where travellers could rest and eat.
This started a modern form of 5 service hospitality which grew in the Renaissance and during the French Revolution.
In the $16^{\text {th }} 6$..........................................., the demand for inns and taverns 7
However, the first hotel was Koshu Nishiyama Hotel in Japan which is over 1300 years old. With the French Revolution, the future of 8 arts and the hospitality industry changed.
In the $18^{\text {th }}$ century, Boulanger opened the first restaurant. In the 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ century Escoffier, the great chef $9 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ c o o k i n g ~ t o ~ a ~ r e s p e c t e d ~ p r o f e s s i o n ~ a n d ~ C e ́ s a r ~ R i t z, ~ t h e ~$ 10 hotelier started luxury hotels.
The Hospitality industry as an 11
In the 1970s the construction of large hotels 12
industry began in the 1950s-1960s. America.
Today hoteliers analyse new 13 .......................................... to define how to improve the quality of life in hotels. The industry has developed a lot. Hotel 14 have increased with brands like Hyatt, Hilton, Marriott, Starwood, Ritz. The hospitality industry is at the top now with excellent 15 for the future.

## COMMUNICATION

6. ASK \& ANSWER questions about the hospitality industry with a partner.
7. When does the first form of hospitality date back to?
8. Who developed the first form of inns?
9. How old is the first real hotel ever built?
10. Who elevated cooking to a respected profession and when?
11. When did hospitality begin to be an organised industry as it is today?

## WRITING

7. COMPLETE the sentences with your personal ideas.
8. My family is made up of
9. My main aim in life is to
10. My school subjects include $\qquad$
11. I have a wide range of interests such as $\qquad$
12. In my hospitality studies I want to focus on

## Phrasal Verbs

Hospitality is made up of three broad areas: L'ospitalità è formata da 3 ampie aree

TO BE MADE UP OF è il primo verbo FRASALE del libro. Deriva da to
Make-Made-Made = Fare, costruire, ma con l'aggiunta di UP e OF cambia significato: essere
formato/costituito da.

## CATERING SECTORS

The food \& beverage sector supports a large number of areas related to the hospitality industry. Depending on the field, Catering may be basically classified as:

## COMMERCIAL or

PROFIT CATERING

- operates for profit
- is open to a general market
- provides best quality services
- competes on the market
- sometimes contracts outside suppliers


## NON-COMMERCIAL or NON PROFIT CATERING

- is not a profit, but a supporting, welfare, ancillary service
- is open to a limited market
- provides good quality services
- does not compete on the market
- regularly contracts outside suppliers


The main aim in non-profit catering is to PROVIDE:

- good quality
catering services
at reduced prices

School or factory canteens are areas of non-profit catering

## TAKE IT EASY

8. MATCH the words to their translation.
9. profit
10. welfare
11. suppliers
12. revenues
13. ancillary
14. outside
A. fornitori
B. esterno
C. ausiliario
D. guadagno
E. assistenziale
F. ricavi
15. UNDERLINE the correct option.
16. Profit catering is ancillary/commercial.
17. Welfare catering offers good/best services.
18. Profit catering serves a large/small market.
19. Profit catering offers reduced/full prices.
20. Welfare catering contracts outside/inside staff.
21. Welfare catering competes/does not compete.

## READING


10. READ these questions \& COMPLETE the answers.

1. How is Catering basically classified?
2. What are the main characteristics and aim of profit catering?
3. What are the main characteristics and aim of welfare catering?
4. Catering is basically classified as
5. Profit catering its main aim is
6. Non-profit catering its main aim is

## WRITING

11. COMPLETE this passage on the catering industry.

Catering is a
(parola) that comes from the verb to CATER which means
(fornire) food and drinks for a dining
(evento) from a simple
(festa di compleanno) to an
(elegante) wedding banquet. The (commerciali) businesses in the food \& beverage sector operate to
(fare profitto). Their
(principale scopo) is to keep a
(equilibrio) between
(costi e ricavi). The non-profit sector refers to (aziende assistenziali) that do not operate (per profitto). Typical examples of this (ausiliario) catering are school and the armed forces (mense). The provision of food \& drinks is not the (principale attività) of non-profit catering.

## TAKE IT EASY

12. DECIDE if these catering businesses are profit ( $\mathbf{P}$ ) or non-profit (NP) and then MATCH to the pictures.
13. Hotel
14. School canteen
15. American bar
16. Motorway service station
17. Old people's homes food service
18. Amusement park food stall
19. Catering at sea
$p$
.......
........
.........
…....
........
20. Catering at sea

21. WATCH the video to learn about Food \& Beverage service operations and WRITE DOWN on your notebook the names of the $\mathbf{6}$ main categories of profit $\mathbf{F} \& \mathbf{B}$ operations.
22. LISTEN \& MATCH the sentences to the photos of the 10 food jobs
 in the video.

23. LISTEN again, COMPLETE \& IDENTIFY the correct F\&B service operation (A-G).
A. HOTEL RESTAURANT
E. QUICK SERVICE RESTAURANT
B. FUSION RESTAURANT
F. WINE BAR
C. ETHNIC RESTAURANT
G. SPECIALITY RESTAURANT
D. THEME RESTAURANT
24. Located in London's Mayfair District since 1978, this elegant restaurant serves wonderful Japanese dishes.
25. This American coffee company \& coffeehouse $\qquad$ operates in 28,218 locations worldwide.
$\qquad$ here is a glamorous occasion.
26. A rugby union $\qquad$ Australian pub and restaurant filled with sports memorabilia.
27. This restaurant $\qquad$ in puddings based on one ingredient only, with a selection of 19 flavours.
28. Inspired by a $\qquad$ of the East \& West, the restaurant is just across the road from the Arndale, Manchester Arena.
29. Convivial Manfreds in Copenhagen has passionate staff, selected and a regularly changing menu.

## COMMUNICATION

16. DISCUSS with a partner. Talk about these points:
17. Do you like dining out?
18. How often do you dine out?
19. What kind of $F \& B$ operations do you like best and why?

## VOCABULARY

17. MATCH the synonyms.
18. quick
19. chains
20. fine
21. affordable
22. kind
23. fusion
24. theme
A. inexpensive
B. refined
C. fast
D. combination
E.type F.concept
G. franchises

## READING

18. COMPLETE the definitions of the F\&B operations with the following words:
affordable • combine • professional • atmosphere • particular • animal • beers \& wines • away • quickly • temporary • room service • typical
19. Fusion restaurants
elements of different cuisines.
20. Restaurants that limit or avoid products are called Healthy restaurants.
21. Ethnic Restaurants offer foods of a country's cuisine as Chinese, Spanish, Thai.
22. Theme restaurants are $F \& B$ outlets where the ................................ is influenced by a theme.
23. Speciality restaurants are specialized in a ............................... type of food or one-item dish.
24. Casual restaurants offer meals.
25. People go to a pub, a brasserie or a wine bar to have a meal with good
26. In a Take-away we can buy food and take it $\qquad$ to eat it elsewhere.
27. Fine dining restaurants create a dining experience with pleasant location, elegant interior, refined cuisine and staff.
28. Quick service or fast food outlets serve food that is prepared and consumed
29. Accommodation foodservice includes hotel restaurants, bars \& lounges,
30. Pop-up restaurants are restaurants with a known close date.

## COMMUNICATION

19. Suggest the most appropriate type/s of F\&B outlets for each customer, like in the
example: A. What would you suggest to a businessman at lunch break?
B. I would suggest a casual restaurant or a quick service (fast food) restaurant.
20. A businessman at lunch break
21. A couple on a wedding anniversary
22. Guests allergic to animal proteins
23. Young people on a Saturday night
24. Lovers of exotic food
25. Beef lovers
26. Diners who are looking for an unusual atmosphere
27. Guests preferring beer with their meal
28. Guests of different nationalities, with a global culture
29. A working mother with no time to cook


## CONTRACT CATERING

Contract catering is one of the most widespread sectors in the catering industry.
Outside providers or contract caterers offer their services on contract. They prepare and cook food on the premises, that is at their business premises, and then transport and serve food off the premises, that is in another place.
That's why, they are popularly called "Meals on Wheels Providers".
Contract catering operates both in the commercial and non commercial sectors, such as shopping centres; travel: trains, ships, planes; education: schools, colleges, universities; healthcare: hospitals, nursing and old people's homes; prisons; and so on.
This sector developed in the $\mathbf{5 0}$ s when legislation obliged employers to provide canteen facilities and services for their workers.

## TAKE IT EASY

20. UNDERLINE the correct option.
21. Contract catering has a limited/wide market.
22. Outside providers do not operate on a contract/operate on a contract.
23. On the premises means at another workplace/at their workplace.
24. Meals on wheels providers are so-called because they transport/buy meals.
25. Contract caterers developed in the 50s obliged/favoured by the law.

## COMMUNICATION

21. ASK \& ANSWER with a partner about contract catering.
22. Why are outside providers called contract caterers?
23. What does "on the premises" mean?
24. What does "off the premises" mean?
25. Why are contract caterers called "Meals on wheels providers"?
26. Which catering sectors does contract catering include?
27. When and why did contract catering develop?


## VOCABULARY

22. MATCH these words with their definitions. Then, ASK \& ANSWER with a partner:
A. What does 'canteen' mean/refer to?
B. Canteen means/refers to a restaurant on the premises of a factory, school, providing meals for a large number of people.
23. On the premises
A. provision of medical treatment for physical or mental problems
24. Off premises
25. Healthcare
B. inside a building or land that a business owns or uses
26. Facilities
C. buildings \& equipment provided for a particular activity
D. outside a building or land that a business owns or uses


## An independent caterer with a unique voice in London

Zafferano was founded over $\mathbf{2 0}$ years ago as a family business and has flourished into one of London's most respected catering companies. Today, Zafferano leads London event catering with a reputation for creativity, quality and first rate customer service.

## LISTENING

23. LISTEN TO Zafferano's creative director Jo Moody. TICK the correct option.
24. Zafferano is:
a. a London restaurant
b. a British pub
c. an exclusive club in London
d. an event caterer in London
25. What is she more proud of?
a. the awards \& association with London theatres
b. innovative menus
c. charity events
d. memorable venues
26. What inspires Jo for her events?
a. the guests' hobbies
b. everything in her life and in society
c. her favourite music
d. fashion trends
27. What's her creative 'buzzword'?
a. serving
b. catering
c. theming
d. providing


Adapted from: www.zafferano.co.uk

## II PRESENT SIMPLE si usa per:

## 1. AZIONI ABITUALI (routines) e 2. FATTI NOTI A TUTTI



The chef cooks food. ? Where does the chef cook food? - The chef doesn't cook food. SIGNAL WORDS: always, sometimes, usually, hardly ever, rarely, never...
REMEMBER: II PAST SIMPLE si ottiene con la seconda forma del paradigma e per le domande, le negazioni e interro-negative usa Did e Didn't al posto di Do - Does - Don't - Doesn't.

+ The chef cooked food. ? Where did the chef cook food? IT The chef didn't cook food.


## GRAMMAR

24. COMPLETE with the Present Simple of the given verbs.

## LIKE • NOT HELP • START• NOT KNOW • WORK • EARN• SERVE•FINISH•ASK

My friend Rudy
in a pub near my house. He
at 5 pm and at 11 pm. Sometimes, when he .................. the chef with the cooking, he also .................. the guests. How much ..................................... My brother and I often .................... him about that but we still ! Anyway he really his job.

## TRAVEL CATERING \& ONBOARD SERVICES

People travel more and more today, because travelling is more accessible, comfortable and convenient than before. But competition among transport companies is very strong.
So, they are focusing on the quality of their facilities, services, innovations and incentives.
Catering on board is a key driver for winning the market of travellers, as the provision of quality food, drinks and service on board a train, a plane, or a ship can enhance the pleasure of the journey. Travel catering is a profit activity, so its main aim is to bring good revenues.
Service staff on board must be highly qualified and constantly trained.

## TAKE IT EASY

25. MATCH the pictures to the travel catering area (1-3).

## 1. Railway Catering 2. In-flight Catering 3. Marine Catering



## WRITING

## 26. MAKE questions to these statements.

1. People travel for business and leisure.
2. Today travelling is more accessible and convenient than in the past.
3. Transport companies focus on the quality of their facilities, services, innovations.
4. Travel catering is a commercial activity.
5. The provision of good quality food $\&$ beverage service on board can enhance the pleasure of the journey.

Leisure (tempo libero) is the time when you are not working \& can relax and do things that you enjoy.

## VOCABULARY

27. MATCH the words with the synonyms.
28. To provide:
A. to sell
B. to manage
C. to serve
D. to supply
29. Catering services:
A. supporting
B. food \& beverage
c. auxiliary
D. Iuxury
30. Travel catering
A. leisure
B. welfare
C. transport
D. journey
31. Aim
A. goal
B. attraction
C. innovation
D. service
32. Caterer
A. traveller
B. restaurateur
C. server
D. waiter


## TRAVEL CATERING

Railway catering is the provision of food \& drinks on board a train and at all the catering outlets \& facilities in rail terminals \& stations. Service on board is provided from a counter or at a seat in a dining car. Meals are provided by contract suppliers.
Service trolleys are used to serve hot and cold food \& drinks.

In-flight catering is the provision of meals, snacks \& drinks on board a plane and at all the airport catering outlets \& facilities. The meals are provided by contract suppliers.
Meals are kept in insulated trolleys and re-heated before service.

- Economy class meals are set \& served on a tray for speedy service.
- First class meals offer fine dining menus and service.


Sea catering is the provision of food \& drinks on board a ship. Cruise liners focus on Fine Dining with multiple restaurants open 24 hour a day, starred chefs and excellent international cuisine. Menus reflect the itinerary and are designed to meet the passengers' different needs, such as: diabetic, celiac, Kosher, Muslim, healthy choices and more.

The Food Production Manager checks if the outside suppliers provide: the right number of food items, in the scheduled quantities and respects delivery time.

## READING

28. ANSWER these questions.
29. Where do the three types of travel catering operate?
30. How are meals served in economy class on board a plane?
31. Where is food served on board a train?
32. Which of the three offers a choice of menus for different needs?
33. Who is responsible for the efficiency of the suppliers in all the three types of travel?

## WRITING

29. LOOK AT the picture and WRITE about which means of transport you usually prefer to travel by and GIVE reasons.

30. READ and TRANSLATE the words in the spidergram.


## READING

2. With the help of the spidergram, COMPLETE the paragraph with the correct words.

Hospitality is an $\mathbf{u}$.
 term that includes three broad areas: \& i............................. and its main aim is to provide s.. \& b to customers. Food \& B is the dominating sector because it supports the other $\mathbf{s} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ i n ~ t h e ~ i n d u s t r y . ~$ The F\&B or $\mathbf{c}$. $\qquad$ sector is divided in $\mathbf{c}$. .................................. or $\mathbf{p}$ n.................................. catering.
c................................. or $\mathbf{n}$. Commercial catering refers also to Travel \& Tourism and to Accommodation catering services and includes: $\mathbf{q}$ service restaurants, $\mathbf{f}$
$\qquad$ F\&B operations - and a service. Non commercial catering does not operate for p............................... and includes institutional catering services to: s.............................. \& university
 Contract or 0................................ caterers operate on the basis of a c............................... and serve $\mathbf{f}$............................... and beverages everywhere, both in the commercial and non commercial sector. That's why they are popularly called "m. on w. p. p... .".

## WRITING

3. TRANSLATE using the present simple and the information in the unit.
4. I ristoranti etnici offrono cibo tipico di un paese che ne riflette la cultura.
5. La cucina "fusion" combina elementi di diverse culture culinarie.
6. In un ristorante per famiglie, i clienti non trovano un'atmosfera formale.
7. In che tipo di ristorante mangiano le persone vegane o vegetariane?
8. Cosa servono i carrelli di servizio sui treni?
9. I menu delle navi da crociera riflettono l'itinerario e rispettano le esigenze dei vari clienti.
10. Il servizio di catering su voli di classe economica non offre cibo o servizio raffinato.

## unit 2 FOOD SERVICE JOB



In our times, interest in food, cooking and enogastronomy is over the top all over the world. Chefs and food experts are now also TV personalities and culinary writers. This popularity has produced a wide variety of job opportunities. Central profiles remain the: Food \& Beverage Manager, Restaurant Manager, Banqueting \& Event Manager, Food \& Wine or Enogastronomy Expert.

## COMMUNICATION

1. ASK \& ANSWER.
2. What has the strong interest for food, cooking and enogastronomy produce?
3. What are the primary job profiles in $F \& B$ ?

FOOD \& BEVERAGE MANAGER
Track 4

HELLO, I'M A FOOD \& BEVERAGE MANAGER. I OPERATE IN LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS. AT PRESENT I AM WORKING AT THE MARRIOTT HOTEL IN DUBAI.

I'M RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SUCCESS OF THE BUSINESS. MY DUTIES ARE TO ORGANIZE, SUPERVISE \& CARRY OUT THE BUSINESS POLICY \& THE OPERATIONS OF RESTAURANTS, BARS \& ALL OTHER F\&B OUTLETS.

I CAN HIRE AND TRAIN MY STAFF.

I MUST POSSESS SPECIFIC KNOWLEDGE, COMPETENCES, SKILLS OF PRODUCTION, SERVICE AND OF COST \& REVENUE CONTROL.


VOCABULARY
2. MATCH numbers \& letters.
0. F\&B Outlets 00. Punti vendita di ristorazione

1. establishments
2. skills
3. supervise (sinonimi = control/check)
4. business
5. policy
6. hire
7. train
8. knowledge
9. competence
10. revenues
11. duties
A. assumere
B. conoscenza
C. competenza
D. ricavi
E. azienda F. addestrare
G. esercizi commerciali
H. politica di gestione
I. controllare, dirigere
L. abilità, capacità
M. doveri, mansioni

## TAKE IT EASY

3. READ the interview with Mr Gore \& COMPLETE the information file of the F\&B manager.
4. Mr Gore is a \&
5. He $\qquad$ in large F\&B establishments.
6. He is $\qquad$ are to the success of the business.
7. His supervise and the business $\qquad$ and the operation of $\qquad$
$\qquad$ and all other $\qquad$
8. He can and $\qquad$ his staff.
9. He must
specific and $\qquad$
production, and of cost and $\qquad$ control.

## COMMUNICATION

4. READ \& LISTEN TO the interview again. ACT and RECORD it. SWAP roles.

## LISTENING

5. Here is the info file about Ms Davies, a Restaurant manager. COMPLETE with the translation of the words in brackets. Then LISTEN \& CHECK.

## RESTAURANT MANAGER

- (Lei è un direttore di ristorante).
- Her duties are similar, but more (organizzativi ed operativi) than the F\&B manager's.
- She is responsible for the best standard of the (qualità e servizio del cibo).
- She manages the activities in cooperation (con la sua squadra).
- She monitors the (personale) and the (clienti).
- She schedules the staff working (ore).
- She checks the quality of food \& service.
- She (deve possedere specifica conoscenza e
 abilità) of food \& non-food supplies, setup, food production costs, food and workplace safety and hygiene.


## VOCABULARY

6. MATCH the words to their definition. Then, TRANSLATE the words.
7. to schedule
8. to monitor
9. supplies
10. setup
11. safety
12. to manage ....
A. a condition where there is no danger or risk.
B. a particular arrangement (sistemazione / disposizione) of a place for an event.
C. to direct or carry on business.
D. to plan that an activity or event happens at a particular time.
E. to check regularly.
F. stocks of something available (disponibile) for use.
13. READ \& MATCH these words in a meaningful way.
14. manage
15. monitor
16. supervise
17. possess
18. production
19. revenue 7. schedule
20. hire
21. food
22. knowledge of
A. the staff
B. safety
C. daily activities
D. costs
E. the business $F$. the activities
G. the skills
H. control I. food \& food supplies J. personnel

## PRIMARY PROFILES


8. WHAT DO THEY DO? LISTEN \& FILL IN with the missing information.

The Banqueting \& Event manager is a glamorous job because you meet all types of people. This is a high profile role as Banqueting is a 1 $\qquad$ source of revenue for a business. He/she is responsible for the organization and planning of a banquet or 2. .He/she 3 the 4 . from booking to service, including: setting up 5 ..................... selection, food preparation, service \& cleaning up. He/she is also in charge of job interviews, staff hire and 6
S/he has the skills \& competence to sell banquets, events, conferences; schedule reservations, maintain excellent standards of customer 7 ..................... and guest satisfaction, monitor staff activity, check the room setup. He/she must keep up with new trends and possess great communication, leadership and 8

Historically, food \& wine follow cultural and 9 ................... changes. So, a chef must not only be a skilful 10 ................... but also an expert in the food and wine, history, culture, 11 This collection of skills is commonly known as Enogastronomy. The Enogastronomy expert is a specialist in food, wine, cuisine and culture of local communities.
He/she organizes eno-gastronomy events, such as food trade 13 ....................., food and wine tasting itineraries.
He/she promotes the typical 14 of a given territory. He/she must also be able to: - manage the F\&B Department • 15 assistance \& consulting for restaurants and F\&B outlets. He/she must possess knowledge of the food and wine, culture and 16 of different communities.

## READING

9. COMPLETE the following sentences.
10. A Banqueting Manager is responsible for staff $i$.
and t .
11. An Enogastronomy expert organizes gastronomic e. $\qquad$ and promotes typical p. $\qquad$
12. A Restaurant Manager is in charge of monitoring staff and $\mathbf{c}$. $\qquad$ , scheduling work h. $\qquad$ checking food and service $\mathbf{q}$. $\qquad$
13. A F\&B manager must be able to plan, o. $\qquad$ and m . $\qquad$ the business policy.

## COMMUNICATION

10. ACT OUT an interview with one or more of the professionals introduced before. Then, SWAP roles. Follow the steps of their presentation.
Example: What do you do? - Where do you operate? - What are you responsible for?

- What are your specific tasks? - What are your specific competences? - What is the main difference between you and...?


## COOL JOBS

LISTENING
11. LISTEN \& MATCH the sentences to the photos of 10 cool jobs in the food industry.

12. Now LISTEN again and COMPLETE the sentences. IDENTIFY the correct job (A-J).

# A. Molecular gastronomist B. Farmers' markets C. Street food chef D. Research chef E. Food lawyer F. Food taste taster G. Cookbook author H. Restaurant publicist I. Vegan chef J. Food stylist 

1. All producers are obliged to label .................. food by law.
2. I learnt writing skills at school and my food blog gave publicity for my
3. During the course we learnt to prepare $\qquad$ made from foods or liquids.
4. I went to lots of trade when I did my research for a shelf-stable cheese cream.
5. Look! Let's go to that food $\qquad$ They make the most delicious "bratwurst" in Berlin!
6. Now that we've finished with the $\qquad$ poster, we can start designing the menu.
7. Sustainability is crucial: I only buy local and $\qquad$ food, from food farmers' markets.
8. I enjoy using my creative mind to make food look fresh and $\qquad$ for my photos.
9. I like Sue's job: she controls the taste and $\qquad$ of products, but I don't envy her when she works for famous people to ensure their food doesn't contain any
10. More and more people want plant based, animalfood.

## COMMUNICATION

13. DISCUSS with a partner.
14. When did you decide to build up a career in the F\&B industry? 2. Why did you choose to attend a culinary course? 3. What dishes do you prefer cooking?

## VOCABULARY

14. READ and COMPLETE.
trade shows • taste • emerging - trends • healthy • shelf-stable - safety - food science
15. S................. foods last a long time at room temperature.
16. New $\mathbf{e}$. $\qquad$ food jobs pay great profits.
17. Food s. $\qquad$ is ruled by food law in all countries.
18. Food must be $\mathbf{h}$. and $\mathbf{t}$ good.
19. Food t................................. present innovative food $\mathbf{t}$
20. WRITE the correct cool jobs.
21. Writing skills and a passion for cooking can start a career as a c. a.
22. People have moved to the countryside to grow their own produce and sell it in a f. $\qquad$ m
23. The visual appeal of her dishes show her creativity as a $\mathbf{f}$................... $\mathbf{s}$.
24. S................................................... are popularly called 'best kitchens on wheels'.

## WRITING

16. WRITE dialogues following the guidelines.

Sally chiede a Peter dove compra i pomodori, le patate, la lattuga e le melanzane. Dice che hanno un aspetto molto fresco.

Mamma chiede a papà se può comprare carne e pesce dal grossista.

Mamma risponde che lei compra le verdure al farmers' market la domenica mattina perché sono salutari, sono gustose e fresche.

Peter risponde che le compra al farmers' market in centro. I contadini coltivano queste verdure nelle loro fattorie.

## Papà le chiede se vuole anche delle verdure.

Papà risponde che lei ha ragione e che vuole coltivare un po' di lattuga e pomodori nel giardino dietro casa.

GLI AVVERBI DI MODO DESCRIVONO UN'AZIONE. SI FORMANO:
AGGETTIVO QUALIFICATIVO + LY
QUICKLY - LOCALLY
MA SE:

1. L'aggettivo termina in $Y$, la $Y$ diventa I + LY: HAPP Y = HAPP I LY
2. L'aggettivo termina in IC si aggiunge ALLY: HISTOR IC = HISTORIC ALLY
3. L’aggettivo termina in LE, ABLE, IBLE la E diventa Y:
SIMPLE = SIMPLY
PROBABLE = PROBABLY
TERRIBLE = TERRIBLY
4. L'aggettivo termina in $L$, la $L$ rimane USUAL = USUALLY
GENERAL = GENERALLY
SPECIAL = SPECIALLY

AVVERBI DI MODO

## TAKEIT EASY

17. TRANSFORM these adjectives and nouns into the correct adverb of manner.
Example: CLEAR = CLEARLY; BASIC $=$ BASICALLY
18. CAREFUL =
19. ANGRY =
20. SKILFUL =
21. $E A S Y=$
22. SUSTAINABLE =
23. HEALTHY =
24. QUIET =
25. LUCKY =
26. ECONOMIC =
27. LOCAL =

WORD FORMATION PERMETTE DI CREARE NUOVE PAROLE ANCHE SENZA L'AIUTO DEL DIZIONARIO, E A COMPRENDERE LA LORO DIVERSA FUNZIONE.

SE SI AGGIUNGE ER AL VERBO BASE (SENZA TO) SI OTTIENE IL SOSTANTIVO RELATIVO ALLA PERSONA O COSA CHE FA L'AZIONE ESPRESSA DAL VERBO: (TO) FARM + ER = FARMER (TO) BOIL + ER = BOILER (TO) CATER + ER = CATERER (TO) COOK + ER = COOKER

## WORD FORMATION

## TAKE IT EASY

18. TRANSFORM these verbs into nouns. Then TRANSLATE. Example: To Travel - Traveller = Viaggiare - Viaggiatore
19. to organize
20. to publish
21. to provide
22. to train
23. to serve
24. to trade
25. to cater
26. to link
27. to employ
10.to pay
28. to send
29. to explore
30. to write
31. to read
32. to drive

## WORD FORMATION

19. WRITE the correct form of the given words.

Example: Italy is the first producer of tomatoes in Europe. PRODUCE

1. do a very creative job.
2. Bob can speak French very well because he is a native
3. 
4. When I want to eat some chips I use a


## ADVERTISE

## SPEAK

CATER
FRY
20. LOOK at the example and WRITE the suitable words for each sentence. Example: Brazil produces the best coffee in the world: it is the first producer.

1. A person who organizes the work of a business is $\qquad$
2. Someone who trains staff is a $\qquad$
3. A person who provides goods is a
4. A person or company that caters for private or public events is a
5. Someone who manages work activities is a
6. COMPLETE with the correct form of the given words.
Example: British Nick Ferrari was awarded best journalist in 2018.
(JOURNAL)

7. The light goes off several times a day, I should call an
(ELECTRIC)
8. Catering Ross is a famous Italian food
(DISTRIBUTE)
9. The tropical island had only one
(INHABIT)
10. When you need help in a hotel, call the $\qquad$ (RECEPTION)
11. President Trump is quite an unpopular
(POLITICS)
12. Tom Cruise is one of the most popular in the world. (ACT)
13. The sous-chef is the head chef's
$\qquad$
14. Billy boy is getting too fat, you should take him to a
(ASSIST)
(NUTRITION)
15. READ the text below and CHOOSE the correct word for each space.

## ICE CREAM TASTER: THE WORLD'S SWEETEST JOB

A man 1. ..... John Harrison has worked for a big American ice cream company as its "Official Taste Tester" 2. ..... 1980 until his 3. ..... in 2010. He has tasted an average of sixty ice cream 4. ..... daily. But Harrison did not consume the ice cream, instead he spit it out. According to Harrison, he has 5. ..... a few hundred million gallons (1 U S gallon = about 4 litres) of ice cream. He has contributed to the creation of more than one hundred new ice cream flavours. Harrison's taste buds are so fine and 6. ..... that his employer insured them for $\$ 1$ million U.S. dollars. That works out at $\$ 100$ dollars for each taste bud. Harrison is the most popular ice cream man in America and a media personality. In 1997, he was awarded Master Taster of the year. The job of an ice cream taster, also called a taste master, sensory analyst, or flavourologist, is evidently to taste-test ice-cream. He is asked to 7. the quality of each flavour on the basis of texture, colour, smell, 8. ....., taste and other factors. Other taster's tasks include inventing new ice cream flavours and products. A career as ice cream taster can be also 9. ..... An ice cream taster can 10. ..... up to $\$ 100,000$ a year in the U.S.A.

1. A. famed
2. A. After
3. A. retirement
4. A. colours
5. A. pasted
6. A. valuable
7. A. possess
8. A. brilliance
9. A. active
10. A. learn
B. claimed
B. During
B. recruitment
B. flavours
B. basted
B. incredible
B. access
B. fragrance
B. lucrative
B. yearn
C. named
C. Before
C. refinement
C. savours
C. tasted
C. reliable
C. address
C. balance
C. alternative
C. earn
D. trained
D. Since
D. replacement
D. odours
D. wasted
D. infallible
D. assess
D. appearance
D. collaborative
D. blear

## PET PRACTICE LISTENING PART 3

23. You will hear some information about street food evolution. FILL IN the missing information for each space.

$$
\text { STREET FOOD HISTORY \& FACTS }
$$

Number of daily consumers in the world: 1 ................................. people
Most popular street food in ancient Greece: 2 small .................................
Most common street food in ancient Rome: soup with bread
First country to have a form of catering: 3 Ancient .................................
Who sold 'atolli': Aztecs vendors
What was 'atolli' made of: maize dough similar to porridge
In the American Colonial period, street vendors sold: tripe, oysters, roasted corn ears,
fruit \& sweets

When \& where French fries were invented: 4 in the $19^{\text {th }}$ century in
First country to legalize street food: 5
Number of street vendors in Mumbai: more than a half a million
Number of street food consumers in Bangkok: 40\% of population
Most searched street food on the Internet: 6 Mexican

DID YOU KNOW THAT THE WORLD'S FIRST MICHELIN STARRED STREET FOOD CHEF IS BASED IN SINGAPORE? STREET FOOD CHEF IS A REALLY COOL JOB!


Singapore street food chef Chan Hon Meng has been awarded a Michelin star for his humble street stall dish, Hong Kong Soya Sauce Chicken Rice \& Noodle, an honour usually reserved to fine restaurants. LEARN MORE \& WATCH.

## 24. REPORT on the topic: EATING ON THE STREET.

## $=$ REAL LIFE TASK

Pre-Task: Watch the video about street food chef Chan Hon Meng.
Task 1: Take notes and write down your opinion on chef Chan's cuisine and other details that caught your attention in the video.
Task 2: Make your personal poster, video or Power Point Presentation about: - what street food is like in your town or region

- your personal street food experience
- your favourite street food dish. Use colours and add pictures to your work.

Task 3: Report to the class about what you have learnt about chef Chan.
Task 4: Show and comment your personal video or Power Point Presentation.

Se un verbo è seguito da 1 o $\mathbf{2}$ preposizioni o da un avverbio il suo significato originale cambia ed è definito verbo frasale, PHRASAL VERB. Ad esempio,

LOOK = sembrare, apparire
LOOK + AT = guardare • LOOK + UP TO = guardare con ammirazione I phrasal verbs sono tanti. Fin qui abbiamo incontrato:

KEEP UP WITH • BE MADE UP OF • CARRY OUT • WORK OUT RICORDA: i verbi base Keep - Make - Carry - Work da soli hanno il significato originale.

## GRAMMAR

25. MATCH these verbs with their translation.
26. KEEP
27. MAKE
28. CARRY
29. WORK
30. PAY
A.fare, costruire B. portare, trasportare C. pagare D. tenere, conservare E.lavorare

## PHRASAL VERBS

26. Now, MATCH these phrasal verbs with their meanings.
27. KEEP UP WITH
28. BE MADE UP OF

## 3. CARRY OUT

## 4. WORK OUT ........... 5. PAY BACK

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. essere fatto di / formato da } \begin{array}{c}
\text { B. restituire, ripagare } C \text {. tenersi aggiornati, tenersi al passo } \\
\text { D. calcolare, risolvere } \\
\text { E. eseguire, realizzare, portare a termine }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## WRITING

27. COMPLETE the interviewer's questions with the correct expressions \& phrasal verbs.

## RECIPE FOR RECOVERY:

a food entrepreneur reveals the secrets of her success.
The economic crisis is biting, but there are inspired food entrepreneurs who work with success in their businesses. Here is the interview with Camilla Stephens, owner of The little Higgidy kitchen.


Interviewer:
(Salve Camilla). When did your passion for cooking start? Camilla: When I was a little girl I liked helping my granny making pies. Then, after school, I worked for a company producing muffins for Starbucks but I left it.
Interviewer: Which project did you want to
(realizzare)?
Camilla: I wanted a start-up business of my own, specializing in all kinds of pies.
Interviewer: Did anyone help you to (calcolare il costo della tua azienda)?
Camilla: No, but I knew it would be costly, so two investors helped me.
Interviewer: Did you (dirigere) the business by yourself?
Camilla: No, with the help of my husband and we sold our flat to pay back investors.
Interviewer: ............................. (quanti figli hai e da quante persone è formata la tua famiglia ora)?
Camilla: Two children. We are four people in our family. We are growing with our business.
Interviewer: .............................. (quanti tipi di tortine produci)?
Camilla: At first, we had two pies. Now, we have 15, sweet and savoury all hand-made.
Interviewer: How can you
(stare al passo) the competition.
Camilla: Our meat is British, our eggs are free range, our packaging is recyclable.
Interviewer: Yes, I think your strategy can
(tenere il passo con le nuove tendenze alimentari).
Camilla: Thank you. Would you like to taste our Beef, Stilton and Ale pie?
Adapted from: www.higgidy.co.uk

## GRAMMAR

28. COMPLETE the sentences with the phrasal verbs in ex. 27.
29. The new pub has to $\qquad$ the competition for quality and prices.
30. The British Isles are $\qquad$ Great Britain, Ireland and smaller islands.
31. The price of tomatoes $\qquad$ at $£ 3.80$ per pound.
32. Bob is a clever boy he $\qquad$ his everyday tasks correctly.
33. Jack has $\qquad$ me $\qquad$ for the ticket I bought yesterday.

## COMMUNICATION

29. ASK \& ANSWER with a partner about Higgidy business, using the information in the table.

Founded
Founders
Headquarters
Products
Revenue
Number of employees
Website

2003; 15 years ago
Camilla Stephens, James Foottit Shoreham-by-Sea, West Sussex, UK Pies \& Quiches £12 M 150
higgidy.co.uk

## PRESENT CONTINUOUS si usa per:

```
1. AZIONI CHE SI STANNO SVOLGENDO
Starbuck's is advertising its new frappuccino.
```

2. AZIONI TEMPORANEE
3. EVENTI FUTURI PIANIFICATI
4. DESCRIVERE IMMAGINI

SIGNAL WORDS: now, today, nowadays, at the moment, these days, this week...

## GRAMMAR

30. COMPLETE with the Present Simple or Continuous of the given verbs and IDENTIFY the type of action (1-3) from the GRAMMAR box, like in the example.

## SIF • EAT (X2) • TAKE • WORK • PARTICIPATE • NOT LIKE • SELL

My boyfriend Ricky is a food stylist and
for the Diner Journal, a food magazine that ................................. millions of copies all over the world. Next week he .................................. ( _ ) in a national contest of vegan photography, so this week he ................................. ( _ ) loads of photos of vegan dishes. So guess what?! We .................................. ( _ ) just vegan these days and I veggies!
But at the moment I am sitting (1) at a pub and I .................................. ( _ ) a gorgeous cheeseburger!


TEACHER AT THE BEGINNING OF THE SCHOOL YEAR


TEACHER AT THE END OF THE SCHOOL YEAR

## PET PRACTCE SPEAKING PART 2 DESCRIBING PICTURES

31. DESCRIBE the picture and what the people are doing. TIME yourself and SPEAK for 1 minute.

## USEFUL LANGUAGE:

- In this photo / picture I can see $\qquad$
- The people in the photo are ing
- The man / woman / child wearing is $\qquad$
- They look $\qquad$ / maybe they are
- The place in the photo must / might / could be
- In the foreground, in the background, in the middle of the photo there is /are
- On the left /right / top / bottom of the
 photo
- I think / imagine the people are feeling
- It makes me think about / of


## SENTENCE TRANSFORMATION

32. COMPLETE the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. USE no more than 3 words.
33. A cookbook author also takes professional photos.

A cookbook author is also a professional photographer.

1. He educates students in vocational subjects.

He is a vocational
2. Fiorello is famous for entertaining people on TV.

Fiorello is a famous Italian TV
3. Germany is a leader in cars production.

Germany is a major car
4. Events often need catering services.
often supply events.
5. This dish has been styled to make it look tasty and fresh.

The food $\qquad$ has arranged this dish.

## WRITING

33. READ the email Laura has written to Eloise and WRITE Eloise's answer.
WRITE 35-45 words.

## You should:

- thank Laura for her email
- express your pleasure to see Laura again.
- ask where you can meet up, and suggest a day.
- suggest other things you can do together.

| New Message |
| :--- |
| To Eloise |
| Subject |
| Dear Eloise, |
| I 'm coming to London with my family |
| next month from $10^{\text {th }}$ to $20^{\text {th }}$ July. I want |
| to walk around and see landmarks like |
| the Tower Bridge and the London Eye. |
| Would you like to meet me again? |
| It would be great. |
| Love, |
| Laura |

## READING

34. READ Laura's email. Then, ORDER these paragraphs.

Warm and friendly goodbye.
Making a suggestion.
Information about her visit
Telling about her plans in London.
35. WRITE (O) for the opening phrases and (C) for the closing phrases of an email.

1. ........ That's all for now.
2. ........ I was so glad to receive your letter.
3. ........ I'm writing to tell you about...
4. ........ I hope to hear from you soon.
5. ........ It was great to hear from you.
6. ......... Write soon.
7. ........ How are you? How are you doing?
8. ........ All the best.
9. ......... Hi, Laura,
10. ........ Looking forward to your reply.
11. COMPLETE the table with the correct number for these primary job descriptions. DUTIES:
12. S/he supervises and carries out business policy and operations
13. S/he manages each step in any special event
14. $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{he}$ organizes gastronomic events and provides assistance.
15. S/he manages the restaurant activities, checks quality food and service.

## RESPONSIBILITIES:

5. $\mathrm{S} /$ he is responsible for hiring and training banquet staff.
6. $S /$ he is responsible for the best standards of food and restaurant service.
7. $S /$ he is responsible for the success of any $F \& B$ business.
8. $S /$ he is responsible for the promotion of typical products.

## KNOWLEDGE:

9. Production, service, cost \& revenue. 10. Function planning and organization.
10. Food quality and service, safety and hygiene. 12. Food and Wine, culinary traditions.

|  | F\&B MANAGER | RESTAURANT <br> MANAGER | ENOGASTRONOMY <br> EXPERT | BANQUETING <br> MANAGER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DUTIES |  |  |  |  |
| RESPONSIBILITIES |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> COMPETENCE |  |  |  |  |

## READING

2. MATCH numbers \& letters about some emerging food jobs.
3. What does a food taste tester do?
A. Food stylist.
4. Who uses chemistry and physics and why?
B. The restaurant publicist.
5. Who makes food look tasty and fresh?
6. Who develops good brand images of restaurants?
C. Molecular gastronomists. They trial food texture.
D. He samples food \& drink for quality.

## GRAMMAR

3. COMPLETE with adverb of manner.
4. He was dressed very (elegant) with a suit and tie.
5. I ......................... (easy) found the phone number in the directory.
6. He buys ........................... (local) and eats (healthy).
7. This restaurant has been (sustainable) designed.
8. UNDERLINE the correct verb form.
9. Food street chefs often sell / are selling ready-made foods.
10. The author signs / is signing copies of his cookbook now.
11. Today lots of chefs specialize / are specializing in vegan food.
12. A food taste tester samples / is sampling food and drinks.
13. REVISE the unit contents and TRANSLATE using the correct phrasal verb:
14. Il F\&B manager svolge la politica aziendale e le operazioni di strutture ricettive.
15. Il banqueting manager deve essere al passo con le nuove tendenze nel catering per eventi.
16. Non è facile calcolare il numero esatto di opportunità di lavoro che offre l'industria della ristorazione.
17. L'industria dell'ospitalità è composta da 3 aree.
18. Posso restituirti il denaro domani?

## unit 3 ADS \& FADS

Businesses in the food \& beverage industry make wide use of advertising, in printed form or online. The traditional forms are television, radio, printed magazines, newspapers, flyers (volantini), billboards (cartelloni, manifesti). New forms are web sites, social media, emails and text messaging. Whatever the form, an ad, short for advertisement (annuncio pubblicitario) promotes F\&B establishments and communicates the feel, the atmosphere of the business.
Here are a few examples.
TAKEIT EASY

1. READ and CHOOSE which media (1-8) these 5 ads use.
2. web site
3. email
4. flyers
5. newspaper

## DAILY NEWS


bba \&


SPECIAL OFFER FROM HOLYSMOKES CATERING

BRING THIS CARD IN \& RECEIVE 10\% OFF

CATERING FOR THE HOME OR OFFICE


Virginia Zavos Nick Markatos can you show Anthea this please. 5 s

ALEX CAMPBELL - THE FOOD WAS AMAZING, WHAT WAS LACKING WAS THE SERVICE... SEE MORE OCTOBER 2220185 REVIEWS
5. television
6. billboard
7. magazines
8. social media



## WORD FORMATION

2. READ the word formation spidergram of the verb ADVERTISE and MATCH each derivative word with its correct meaning. Then, TRANSLATE them.
3. A business, product, service or person made known to the public through advertising.
4. A business, product, service or person suitable to be advertised.
5. The business to persuade people to buy products or services by making them known.
6. A poster or announcement in newspapers, magazines, radio, television or digital media, designed to attract public attention on a business or product.
7. Something present on the market without any promotion to make it known.
8. A company, person, or organization that advertises a product or service.
9. To attract public attention to a business, product, service, especially in order to sell it.
10. A business, product, service or person inadequate to be advertised.
11. COMPLETE with the correct word from the ADVERTISE spidergram.
12. Last month Ted's pub was $\qquad$ in the newspaper.
13. Igloos are $\qquad$ in Italy.
14. If you want to sell something, put an $\qquad$ in the local paper.
15. Mr Kerch is a very good wine
16. This product remained $\qquad$ for its poor quality.
17. Many companies $\qquad$ their products on TV.
18. Almost everything on earth is $\qquad$ nowadays.
19. The Coca Cola $\qquad$ campaign is always very effective.
20. LOOK AT the word formation spidergram of the verb ADVERTISE. Then, try to make your own word spidergrams for these verbs:

21. SPOT in the grid as many words as you can from the word formation exercises.

| P | U | B | L | I | S | H | M | E | M | T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | E | M | P | L | O | Y | A | M | P | D |
| A | A | M | E | N | V | E | L | P | A | E |
| Y | B | Y | P | A | Y | E | R | L | Y | V |
| I | V | E | M | L | P | H | E | O | I | E |
| N | I | P | R | E | O | R | C | Y | N | L |
| G | A | I | E | R | N | Y | U | E | G | O |
| U | N | P | A | I | D | T | M | R | E | P |
| P | A | Y | A | B | L | E | T | E | S | E |
| P | U | B | L | I | S | H | E | R | N | R |
| U | N | E | M | P | L | O | Y | E | D | T |

6. TRANSLATE this passage.

La pubblicità è uno degli strumenti (tools) per vendere un prodotto, un servizio o promuovere un'attività. Così i pubblicitari lanciano l'azienda sul mercato per pubblicizzarla. Questi esperti suiluppano le loro strategie sia in forma stampata che online. Essi impiegano il migliore personale per le loro campagne pubblicitarie e per sviluppare annunci creativi che presentano lo stile, l'atmosfera e le offerte dell'azienda. Anche la ristorazione impiega queste tecniche pubblicitarie per promuovere la sua immagine sulla base delle nuove tendenze che cambiano con i gusti dei clienti o con l'uso di nuovi ingredienti.

## READING

7. MARK with the correct number the feel, atmosphere each ad wants to communicate.
8. This place has a comfortable, friendly, warm character.
9. This place has the most homely \& cosiest setting and feel you can expect, it's your home.
10. This place offers a charming, exotic, oriental feel.
11. This place has a cheap, basic, unconventional mood.
12. This place has an invigorating and inviting feel delivered by the aroma of its product.
13. This place enjoys an intimate, confidential and romantic ambience.
14. The place combines a generous offer with an exciting, lively, fanatic - not a good choice of word, perhaps - sporting atmosphere.


Steaks, Seafood, Pasta OUR GUEST HAVE AWARDED US: BEST RESTAURANT, BEST STEAK \& SEAFOOD, BEST FINE DINING, BEST DATE PLACE
COME \& SEE WHY! 750 Lindsay Blvd Idaho Falls, ID 83402 Phone: (208) 524-3344 Open 6 days a week Closed Sundays


TELEFOOD
www.telefood.weebly.com Free Home Delivery 35391782-35391783

## READING

8．READ this ad．MARK the statements True（T）or False（F）．CORRECT the false ones．

1．Dodo＇s never closes during the week．
2．Fast lunch is served everyday from 12 pm to 7 pm ．
3．Guests can consume any time wraps at Dodo＇s Café．
4．Dodo＇s Café caters also for vegetarian guests．
5．Dodo＇s Café does not provide any facilities for the disabled．

T F
6．There is a fish option in Dodo＇s menu．
7．On Dodo＇s menu gives useful information for special diets．T F
8．Dodo＇s Cafè can deliver your orders at home．
9．Dodo＇s Cafè does not offer halal food for Muslim guests．

9．READ the menu again and WRITE the names under each dish．

## COME \＆ENJOY A RELAXING NIGHT WITH LOVELY FOOD，DRINKS \＆LIVE MUSIC

| DODO＇S CAFÉ <br> FOOD，DRINKS \＆LIVE MUSIC <br> Opening Hours <br> 12pm to 1am Monday to Saturday－12pm to 12am Sunday 113 Baker Street（London）W1U 6RS 02030751044 to order for delivery |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DODO＇S FAST LUNCH $£ 8,50$ ANY WRAP WITH A SOFT DRINK， MINT TEA OR COFFEE <br> Between 12pm and 6pm • Monday to Friday |  |
| TO TAKE AWAY OR EAT IN PLEASE NOTE THAT WRAPS | DODO＇S DESSERT SELECTION OF 3 DESSERTS £ 12，00 |
| RE NOT AVAILABL AFTER 6pm | CHOCOLATE \＆ <br> BANANA TART £4．75 |
| sandw | 次 EXOTIC TART £ 4.75 |
| Steamed aubergine rolls with mixed salad \＆red pepper sauce £6．00 |  |
| Grilled pork sausage with fried sweet potatos \＆onion ring £6．50 | 次 APPLE TART 次 MIXED PASTRIES $£ 4.755$ |
| Stewed chicken breast with lemon sauce \＆mashed potatoes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CREPES } \\ & \text { SUZETTES } £ 4.75 \end{aligned}$ |
| Roasted lamb shoulder with fresh tomatoes， salad \＆mint sauce £ 7.95 | SUITABLE FOR VEGETARIAN <br> －CONTAINS ALCOHOL <br> 准 CONTAINS NUTS |
|  |  |

Baby changing • Wheel chair Access • Outdoor Space

10. LISTEN TO a dialogue between Bob and Josh who are making plans for their evening. For each question CHOOSE the correct answer A, B, or C.

1. Bob is showing a $\qquad$ to Josh.
a. menu
b. magazine
c. poster
2. Who has already been to the cafè?
a. Bob's brother.
b. Josh's brother.
c. Josh's girlfriend.
3. They are planning to go there
a. Tonight
b. On Saturday
c. Tomorrow
4. Bob didn't remember that Josh:
a. has become a vegetarian.
b. is allergic to nuts.
c. doesn't like desserts.
5. ................... is allergic to nuts.
a. Josh
b. Barbara
c. Nadeen
6. Why is this a good place for Nadeen?
a. Because she likes DJ music.
b. Because they have food for Muslims.
c. Because she has a crush on Bob.

## COMMUNICATION

11. COMPLETE the dialogue between two friends with the translation of the expressions in brackets.
12. How about going for good food and some music tonight?
13. (C'è un nuovo pub qui vicino).
14. They gave me the leaflet in the tube.
15. (Non è costoso e ha una scelta di piatti per diverse esigenze).
16. Don't worry about that. They mark the dishes containing nuts with a symbol.
17. (Vediamoci alle otto. Che ne dici di andare con la mia auto?).
A. (Bella idea!) Where shall we go?
B. How do you know about it?
c. (Fantastico! Abbiamo le informazioni su menu e prezzi).
D. That's it. You know I'm a vegetarian and I'm allergic to nuts.
18. HOW TO SUGGEST? READ the note \& make these suggestions.
19. Suggerisci di andare a piedi al pub piuttosto che (rather than) andarci in auto.
20. Suggerisci di restare a casa e ordinare una pizza online piuttosto che andare al ristorante.
21. Suggerisci di festeggiare il suo compleanno in un pub con giardino esterno piuttosto che a casa.
22. Suggerisci di scegliere un posto romantico ed elegante per il suo primo appuntamento con Jane.
23. Suggerisci di ordinare un petto di pollo in umido piuttosto che delle salsicce di maiale alla griglia.
24. Chiedi se vogliamo provare gli involtini di melanzane al vapore piuttosto che la spalla di agnello al forno.
E. (Perfetto. Allora a che ora ci vediamo?).
F. That's fine. See you at eight!

SI SUGGERISCE USANDO:
HOW/WHAT ABOUT + ING
How about going for a walk?
HOW/WHAT ABOUT + nome
How about a pizza?
WHY DON'T WE/YOU + VERBO BASE
Why don't we have an aperitif?
WHY NOT + VERBO BASE
Why not start with an appetizer?
LET'S + VERBO BASE SE SIAMO
COINVOLTI NELLA COSA SUGGERITA
Let's invite Tom to the party
SHALL I/ WE + VERBO BASE
Shall I call back later?
SI SUGGERISCE USANDO:
HOW/WHAT ABOUT + ING
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HOW/WHAT ABOUT + nome
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## HELLO! DO YOU LIKE

THE SETUP
I HAVE ARRANGED FOR TODAY'S BIRTHDAY BUFFET?


The Residences
The Ritz-Carlton
New york, Westchester

## A SPECIAL PLACE FOR YOUR SPECIAL DAY

The Ritz-Carlton, Westchester offers unique, elegant event halls for weddings, conferences or other special occasions. We'll work with you to create a truly memorable event with exceptional attention to detail and a wide variety of creative menus. Pamper your guests and your family at our award winning Spa. We also offer a spacious Spa Suite for private parties. Call 914.467.5820 for details

## READING

13. READ \& REORDER the dialogue between Mrs Ford and the Event manager to make arrangements for her daughter's coming of age party. Then LISTEN \& CHECK.
...... Event M.: Now, how many guests are there?
....... Guest: That's for the 1st of May. Is there a hall available on that date?
....... Event M.: Welcome to the Ritz-Carlton Event facilities Mrs Ford. How can I help you?
....... Guest: Hello, Mrs Taylor. We want to celebrate our daughter's coming of age here.
....... Event M.: Lovely Mrs Ford. What date is it for?
....... Guest: Just flower decorations. She loves pink and yellow roses. Lots of them all around.
....... Event M.: Sure. Thank you. I'll call you in a couple of days for the contract and payment.
....... Guest: Thank God!
....... Event M.: Jolly good. What about the birthday cake?
....... Guest: Well, a hundred altogether.
....... Event M.: Fine, Mrs Ford. Do you have any special requests?
....... Guest: I think a standing buffet party is ideal for young people, don't you?
....... Event M.: Fine. I'll show you a sample setup I have arranged today. Will you follow me?
....... Guest: Sure... It's wonderful. I'd like something like that for my girl too.
....... Event M.: Fine. Then, what kind of service do you prefer, seated or standing?
....... Guest: Yes please. Tell your chef to make a huge strawberry and whipped cream cake.
....... Event M.: It's quite short notice. But yesterday we received a cancellation exactly for that date.
classroom

14. WATCH the video to learn how to create an advertising leaflet for F\&B establishments. TAKE NOTE of the steps and the info you need to make a successful promotional flyer.

Video How to make a promotional leaflet
15. LISTEN to these catchy phrases (frasi d'effetto) to advertise F\&B establishments \& MATCH the sentences to the photos.

16. LISTEN again \& COMPLETE. Then, IDENTIFY the correct F\&B outlet ( $\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{H}$ ).
A. THEME/CONCEPT RESTAURANT
B. QUICK SERVICE RESTAURANT
C. ETHNIC RESTAURANT
D. SPECIALITY RESTAURANT
E. PIZZERIA
F. HEALTHY RESTAURANT
G. CASUAL/FAMILY RESTAURANT
H. FINE DINING RESTAURANT

1. Who eats pizza never dies $E$
2. .................... is better
3. As ..................... teaches us
4. The .................... or nothing
5. Eat well and ..................... less
6. True ..................... flavour
7. The ..................... of soup
8. We don't ..................... with food
9. READ these catchy phrases and DECIDE which F\&B outlet (A-H) they are most suitable for. Then, with a partner, PRACTICE suggesting the right phrases like in the example:
A: How about using phrase 8 to advertise / promote a pizzeria?
B: Yes, I agree. I think it's perfect / No, I disagree. I think phrase $\mathbf{8}$ is more suitable for a quick service restaurant.
10. Home-made pasta.
11. We love it spicy.
12. Food'n Roll.
13. Made with flour.
14. The flavours of nature.
15. Pizza with double zed.
16. Expensive but the best.
17. Speedy pizza.
18. Taxi food.
19. The chicken house.
20. Like Mom's house.
21. Already ready.
22. The light diet food.
23. The good taste of food.
24. Made in Italy.
25. This is a luxury restaurant!
26. Fish \& cheap.
27. Let's meat!
28. Listen to your palate.
29. Big food little money.
30. From the farm to the pan.
31. Pizza... what else?

## 18. CREATE A PROMOTIONAL LEAFLET.

Pre-Task: WATCH the video How To Make A Promotional Leaflet again and READ Dodo's Café ad again.
Task 1: Choose an F\&B operation and invent a name, a location, address and phone number.
Task 2: On a word document (or on a poster or Power Point Presentation), write these and all the necessary info about: opening times, closing day, address, phone number.
Task 3: Use some of the catchy phrases in ex. 16 and 17 (or others you might invent) and describe the atmosphere and mood of your outlet.
Task 4: Include sample dishes and specialities with photos.
Task 5: Show your leaflet to the class.

## PET PRACTCE SPEAKING PART 2 DESCRIBING PICTURES

19. DESCRIBE the picture, where people are and what they are doing. TIME yourself and SPEAK for 2-3 minutes.

## USEFUL LANGUAGE:

- In this photo / picture I can see...
- I think they are in...
- The place must / might / could be...
- On the ground floor I can see...
- On the first floor there is/are...
- In the foreground, in the background, in the middle, on the left /right / top / bottom of the photo...
- I think / imagine the people are feeling...
- This photo makes me think about / of ...


20. READ and MARK the correct letter $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}$, or $\mathbf{C}$.

A. The woman says that she likes travelling.
B. The woman is flying to a place where food is special.
C. The thing the woman really likes about air travelling is food.

Get your FREE Hot Dog!
Buy One Get One FREE
Applegate
Message from Applegate
Kitchens:
Thanks for joining! Buy one
Hot Dog and get one
FREE, up to 2 toppings.
Just show this text.
A. Just pay one and get two.
B. Show you are part of the club and get one free.
C. Buy one and get 2 free toppings.
A. If you want to work on a cruise ship, you have to pay.
B. When you work on a cruise ship you can travel and get paid.
C. You can't travel on a cruise ship if you don't work.

A. This kitchen operates full day on Wednesday.
B. This kitchen is closed everyday of the week.
C. This kitchen operates only half day a week.


## It's A Subway Car, Not A Dining Car

It may be take-out, but please, don't eat here.
A. Eating is not permitted on subway trains.
B. You can't take food on subways.
C. The dining car is closed.

1. MATCH English and Italian.
2. web site
A. atmosfera =

10
2. television
B. posta elettronica $=$
3. email
C. sito internet $=$
4. billboard
5. flyer
6. magazine
7. newspaper
8. social media
9. advertisement
10. atmosphere
11. fad
12. catchy phrase
13. leaflet
14. advertising campaign
D. annuncio pubblicitario $=$
E. quotidiano =
F. mezzi di comunicazione sociali $=\ldots \ldots \ldots$.
G. volantino =
H. opuscolo =
I. televisione =
J. campagna pubblicitaria $=$
K. rivista =
L. moda passeggera =
M. frase ad effetto =

N . cartellone $=$

## WORD FORMATION

2. CHOOSE the correct option.
3. If you want to sell your restaurant, why don't you advertise it on the internet?
a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
4. There are advertisements for that job in all local newspapers.
a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
5. She has worked for lots of advertising campaigns.
a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
6. The Tuscany region is the best producer of CHIANTI wine.
a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
7. Canteen facilities and services became operational in the 1950s. a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
8. The staff were divided into organizationally separate groups.
a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
9. That company caters for public institutions only.

## VERB

ADJECTIVE NOUN

## ADVERB

a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
8. They worked together productively for ten years.
a. noun
b. adjective
c. verb
d. adverb
3. REVISE the unit contents and TRANSLATE these catchy phrases.

1. Sapori della natura.
2. Pizza... che altro?
3. Fatto in Grecia.
4. Caro, ma il migliore.
5. La casa delle uova.
6. Ascolta il tuo palato.
7. Il buon sapore del cibo.
8. Dolci fatti in casa.
9. Già pronto.
10. Dalla fattoria alla pentola.


## UNIT 1 THE SERVICE INDUSTRIES

## HOSPITALITY

accommodation alloggio
broad ampio
business affari /azienda
century secolo
customer cliente
develop sviluppare
development sviluppo
dominating dominante
dub soprannominare
employ dare impiego, assumere
employer datore di lavoro
employment occupazione entertainment intrattenimento goods merci
grow (grew-grown) crescere
hotelier albergatore
industry industria
inn locanda
key driver fattore chiave
leisure tempo libero
need ( $n, v$ ) bisogno, aver bisogno di
pilgrim pellegrino
pilgrimage pellegrinaggio
produce produrre
provide fornire
provider fornitore
satisfaction soddisfazione
service servizio
spa località termale
support ( $n, v$ ) sostegno, sostenere
travel ( $n, v$ ) viaggio, viaggiare
travel agency agenzia di viaggio
traveller viaggiatore
umbrella ombrello
wide range vasta gamma

## CATERING SECTORS

accommodation alloggio
affordable conveniente, a buon mercato
aim scopo
amusement divertimento
ancillary ausiliario, secondario
atmosphere atmosfera
automated automatizzato
avoid evitare
balance ( $n, v$ ) equilibrio, bilanciare
brand marca, marchio
brasserie birreria canteen mensa
casual informale
chain catena
classify classificare
commercial commercial
concept idea, concezione
consumer consumatore
cost ( $n, v$ ) costo, costare
cuisine cucina, stile culinario
elsewhere altrove
ethnic etnico (pertinente ad una cultura specifica)
factory fabbrica
fast veloce
field campo
fine dining cucina raffinata, di qualità
franchise franchising
full complete, pieno
fusion fusione, unione
healthy sano, salutare
interior arredamento d'interni
kind tipo, specie
lounge salotto, salottino
main principale
market mercato
motorway autostrada
one-plate item piatto unico
operation attività
outlet punto vendita
outside fuori, esterno
pop up spuntare, saltar fuori
profit profitto
purchase ( $n, v$ ) acquisto, acquistare
quick veloce
revenue ricavo, fatturato
satisfaction soddisfazione
stall bancarella
street vendor venditore ambulante
supplier fornitore
supply ( $n, v$ ) fornitura, fornire
supporting (adj) di sostegno
take away ( $n, v$ ) cibo da asporto, portare via
temporary temporaneo
theme tema, filo conduttore
typical tipico
unusual insolito
vending machine distributore automatico
welcome ( $n, v$ ) accoglienza, accogliere
welfare benessere / sussidi pubblici, assistenziali
well known conosciuto, noto

## CONTRACT CATERING

(air) plane aereo
canteen mensa
cater (for) fornire cibi e bevande
caterer fornitore di cibi e bevande
education istruzione
elderly home casa per anziani
facility struttura
first rate di prima classe
health care assistenza sanitaria
inside interno
meal pasto
nursery home asilo nido
off the premises fuori dai locali / in sede
on the premises nei locali / fuori sede
outside esterno
place luogo
ship nave
train treno
wheel ruota
widespread diffuso
workplace luogo di lavoro

## TRAVEL CATERING

accessible accessibile
comfortable comodo
cruise liner nave da crociera
delivery consegna
enhance potenziare, migliorare
focus ( $n, v$ ) fulcro, focalizzarsi
incentive incentivo, stimolo
in-flight in volo
insulated termicamente isolato
itinerary itinerario
key driver fattore chiave
leisure tempo libero
need esigenza
on board a bordo
railway ferrovia
scheduled programmato, previsto
sea mare
starred chef chef stellato
terminal stazione, capolinea
tray vassoio
trolley carrello

## UNIT 2 FOOD SERVICE JOB

## PRIMARY PROFILES

baker panettiere
bartender barista / barman
business azienda, impresa
carry out svolgere, portare a termine
check controllare
clean up sistemare, riordinare
competence competenza
cook ( $n, v$ ) cuoco, cucinare
customer care cura del cliente
duty compito, mansione
enogastronomy enogastronomia
establishment locale, esercizio
event evento
expert esperto
glamorous affascinante
hire assumere
hygiene igiene
in charge of incaricato di
interview ( $n, v$ ) intervista / colloquio di lavoro, intervistare
keep up with tenere il passo
knowledge conoscenza
leadership capacità di commando
manage gestire, dirigere, riuscire
monitor monitorare, controllare
organize organizzare
outlet punto vendita
pastry artist pasticciere
plan ( $n, v$ ) piano, pianificare
planning pianificazione
possess possedere
profile profilo professionale
reservation prenotazione
responsible responsabile
revenue ricavo, guadagno
safety sicurezza
schedule ( $n, v$ ) piano, pianificare
selection scelta
setup disposizione
show ( $n, v$ ) mostra / esibizione, mostrare
skill abilità, capacità
source fonte
standard livello
step passo
supervise sovrintendere, sorvegliare
trade commercio
train formare, addestrare
waiter cameriere

## COOL JOBS

ad, advertisement annuncio pubblicitario aesthetic appeal attrattiva estetica
allergy allergia
animal-free senza animali
arrange sistemare
author autore
balloon palloncino, sfera
boiler bollitore
brand marchio
caramel caramello
career carriera
cart carretto
caterer ristoratore
caviar caviale
chemistry chimica
cookbook ricettario
cooker fornello
cool jobs professioni interessanti
culinary culinario
design progettare
emerging jobs professioni emergenti
farmer agricoltore
farmer's market mercato di agricoltori
flavour aroma, gusto
flavourologist esperto in aromi
foam spuma
food science scienza dell'alimentazione
gastronomist gastronomo
genetically modified geneticamente modificato
goal obiettivo
gourmet buongustaio
health salute
healthy sano, salutare
ice-cream gelato
kiosk chiosco
lawyer avvocato
local (adj) locale, del posto
look( $n, v$ ) aspetto, apparire
manufacturer fabbricante
molecular molecolare
noodles tagliatelle
pearl perla
physical science scienze fisiche
physics fisica
plant-based a base di vegetali
poison ( $n, v$ ) veleno, avvelenare
powder polvere
print ( $n, v$ ) stampa, stampare
promotional promozionale
provider fornitore
publicist promotore pubblicitario
raspberry lampone
raw crudo
recipe ricetta di cucina
research ricerca
rice riso
safety sicurezza
sample ( $n, v$ ) campione, assaggiare
scientist scienziato
sensory analysis analisi sensoriale
shelf-stable a lunga durata
smell ( $n, v$ ) odore, odorare
spit out sputare
stall bancarella
strawberry fragola
street food cibo da strada
stylist stilista
supplement integratore
sustainable sostenibile
taste bud papilla gustativa
taste tester assaggiatore
taste gusto
tasty gustoso
texture consistenza
theme tema
trade shows fiere
train formare
trend moda, tendenza
trick furgone
vegan vegano
worker's rights diritti del lavoratori

## VERBS \& PHRASAL VERBS

carry portare, trasportare
carry out eseguire, realizzare
keep tenere, conservare
keep up with tenersi al passo
make creare, costruire
be made up of essere costituito da
pay pagare
pay back restituire
work lavorare
work out calcolare

## UNIT 3 ADS \& FADS

ad, advert, advertisement anuncio pubblicitario
advertise pubblicizzare
ambience ambiente, atmosfera
announcement anuncio
atmosphere atmosfera
billboard cartellone
charming affascinante
comfortable comodo
fad moda, capriccio
flyer volantino
friendly socievole
live (adj) vivo, dal vivo
lively vivace
magazine rivista
mood umore, stato d'animo
Muslim mussulmano
newspaper quotidiano
plain semplice
promote promuovere
suitable adatto
unconventional non convenzionale
wheel chair sedia a rotelle

